MATH 303 – Stochastic Processes – midterm 1

February 2022

1. | 10 marks | Let X_n be a Markov chain on $S = \{0, 1, 2\}$ with transition matrix

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0\\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4}\\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Find the 2-step transition matrix of X_n
- (b) Suppose $X_0 = 0$. What is the mean number of steps until X_n visits 2?
- (c) What is the stationary distribution?

Solution:

(a) This is
$$P^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{9} & \frac{7}{18} & \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{7}{24} & \frac{19}{48} & \frac{1}{16} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) Let m_i be the mean from state i. Then

$$m_0 = 1 + \frac{1}{3}m_0 + \frac{2}{3}m_1$$
 $m_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{2}m_0 + \frac{1}{4}m_1$.

Solve these to find $m_0 = \frac{17}{2}$. (c) Solve $\pi = \pi P$ and $\sum \pi_i = 1$ to find $\pi = \frac{1}{19}(9, 8, 2)$.

2. | 10 marks | Consider a Markov chain on $S = \{0, 1, 2, ...\}$ with transition probabilities

$$P_{n,n+1} = p \qquad P_{n,0} = 1 - p$$

for some fixed p.

- (a) Is this chain irreducible?
- (b) Is this chain reversible?
- (c) Is state 0 periodic or aperiodic? If periodic, what is the period?
- (d) Suppose $X_0 = 0$, and let T be the return time: the minimal n > 0 with $X_n = 0$. Find the probability mass function for T.

Solution:

(a) Yes. From 0 it is possible to get to n in n steps, and back in one step.

- (b) No. For example $P_{02} = 0$ but $P_{20}! = 0$ so there is no π which solved detailed balance.
- (c) Aperiodic since $P_{00} > 0$.
- (d) The chain returns at time n if the first n steps are exactly $0 \to 1 \to 2 \to \cdots \to (n-1) \to n$. This has probability $P_{01}P_{02}\dots P_{n-2,n-1}P_{n,0} = p^{n-1}(1-p)$.
- 3. 10 marks Consider a branching process where the number of children of an individual is $\xi = \text{Bin}(2, 1/3)$.
 - (a) Find the probability generating function for ξ .
 - (b) Find the probability that the process becomes extinct.

Solution:

- (a) $G(s) = \mathbb{E}s^X = (1/3)^2 s^2 + 2(1/3)(2/3)s + (2/3)^2 s^0 = (s/3 + 2/3)^2$.
- (b) This is the smallest solution to s = G(s). The solutions are 1 and 4, so the answer is 1. (Also clear since $\mathbb{E}\xi = 2/3 \le 1$.
- 4. 10 marks Consider a Markov chain with states $\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}$ and transition matrix

- (a) Draw the transition diagram, including the probability for each transition.
- (b) Find the communicating classes.
- (c) For each class, determine whether it is recurrent or transient, and whether it is periodic.

Solution: See figure. Classes are

- $\{a, c\}$: recurrent, with period 2.
- $\{b\}$: transient aperiodic.
- $\{d, e, f\}$: recurrent aperiodic.
- $\{g\}$: transient aperiodic.

