

Figure 1: Description from commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Falling\_ball.jpg

This image, spanning half a second, was captured with a stroboscopic flash at 20 flashes per second. During the first 1/20th of a second the ball drops one unit of distance (here, a unit is about 12 mm); by 2/20ths it has dropped at total of 4 units; by 3/20ths, 9 units and so on.

To take the picture, the ball - about the size of a tennis ball - was suspended by a short length of black thread and was released as the shutter was opened and the flash triggered. The shutter remained open for the whole of the half-second period, during which time the flash fired multiple times to capture the ball at 1/20 second intervals.

Question: Carefully sketch a graph of the distance the ball has fallen with respect to time. Using that graph, sketch a graph of the velocity of the ball with respect to time. Finally, sketch a graph of the acceleration of the ball with respect to time. Is your acceleration graph what you expect? Explain your answer in a few sentences.