## Math 190 Homework 6: Due Monday October 24

The assignment is due at the beginning of class on the due date. You are expected to provide full solutions, which are laid out in a linear coherent manner. Your work must be your own and must be self-contained. Your assignment must be stapled with your name and student number at the top of the first page.

## Questions:

- 1. For the following problems find the derivative of the given function.
  - (a)  $5x^4 \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + x^e e^x$
  - (b)  $x^{3/2} \sin x$ (c)  $\frac{\cos x}{e^x}$
- 2. Find the equation of the tangent line to

$$h(x) = \frac{x^2 e^x}{e^x + 1}$$

at the point  $x = \ln(2)$ .

3. Consider the function

$$f(x) = x^{1/3}.$$

- (a) Find the domain of f(x).
- (b) Find the derivative of f(x) using power rule. What is the domain of f'(x)?
- (c) Find all vertical asymptotes of the derivative f'(x). Include the relevant one sided limits.
- (d) Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = x^{1/3}$ . Try to draw the tangent line at x = 0. What is the slope? Explain this behaviour in connection with your answer from part (c).
- 4. (a) Recall the derivative of  $x^{3/2} \sin x$  from Question 1(b). Using your answer, find the derivative of

$$e^x x^{3/2} \sin x$$

using product rule once.

(b) To solve the above problem (a) you could have also used the following triple product rule:

$$\frac{d}{dx}(fgh) = \frac{df}{dx}gh + f\frac{dg}{dx}h + fg\frac{dh}{dx}.$$

Use the triple product rule to differentiate

$$(3x-1)(4x^2+2)(x^{-3}+\sqrt{x}).$$

5. Not every function is differentiable (has a derivative) at every point. Consider the function f(x) = |x|. Let us try to investigate the derivative at x = 0, that is f'(0). We can use the limit definition of the derivative to write the following

$$f'(0) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(0+h) - f(0)}{h}.$$

Compute this limit. If it does not exist justify why. Draw the graph of f(x) = |x|. What happens when you try to draw a tangent line at x=0. What can you conclude about f'(0)after observing your limit computation?