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Sept. 18

• MLC (Math Learning Centre) is open

- link on webpage!

- LSk 301 302

{ M-Th 11 - 6pm  
F 11 - 2pm

• Office Hours: Fri 1-3 in LSk 300C

• Quiz #1 is Friday Sept. 25 in class  
(start of class)

Info (Quiz)

- Lab 1 - factoring  
- domain
- Lectures this week  
- trig / unit circle.

Example! Find  $x$  in  $\mathbb{R}$  satisfying

$$\cos x \sin x + 1 = 1$$

(start with  $[0, 2\pi)$ )

$$(\cos x)(\sin x) = 0$$

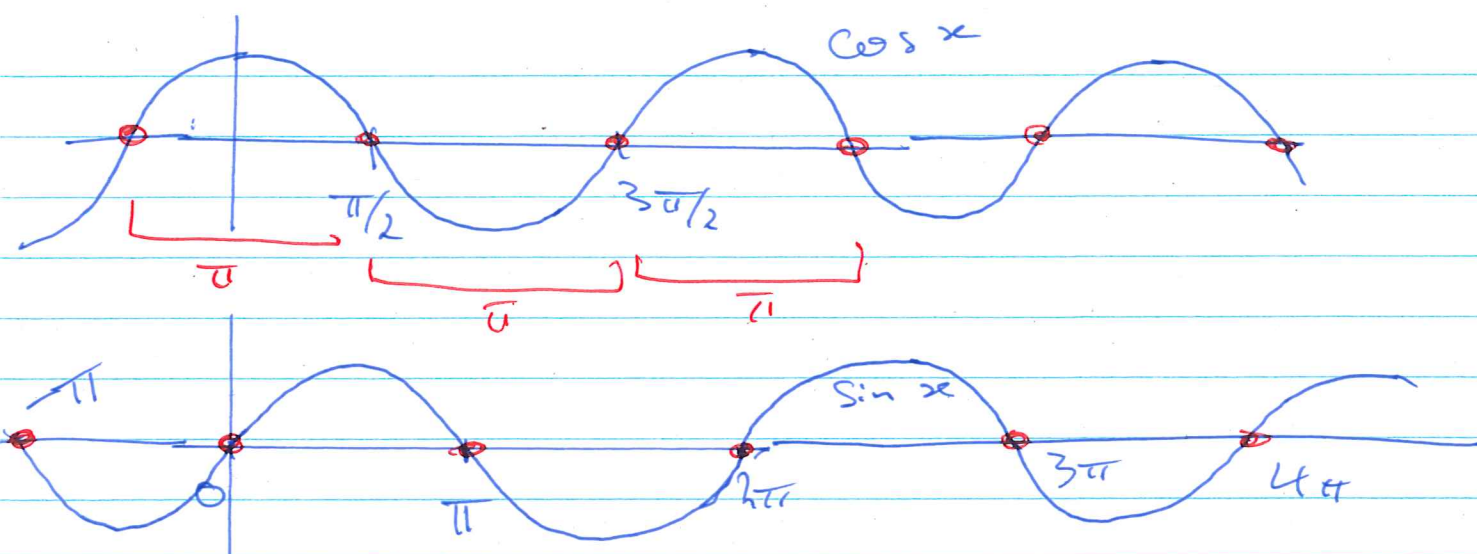
Each time one is zero, the product is zero. Solve:

$$\cos x = 0$$

$$\sin x = 0$$

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So,  $x = \pi/2, 3\pi/2, \pi, 0$

Find all solutions in  $\mathbb{R}$ .

Write all the solutions to  $\sin x = 0$ .

$$x = n\pi, \quad (n \in \mathbb{Z})$$

- where  $n$  is an integer
- $n = \dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots$

Now for  $\cos x = 0$ .

$$x = \pi/2 + n\pi, \quad n \text{ is an integer.}$$

$\Rightarrow$  So finally  $x = n\pi, \pi/2 + n\pi$   
 $n$  is an integer.

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Example: Find  $x$  in  $[0, 2\pi)$  satisfying

$$2\sin^2 x + \sin x = 1$$

Factor it: Let  $u = \sin x$

$$2u^2 + u - 1 = 0$$
$$(2u - 1)(u + 1) = 0$$

$$u = -1, 1/2$$

$\rightarrow$  
$$\begin{cases} 2u^2 + 2u - u - 1 \\ 2u(u+1) - (u+1) \\ (2u-1)(u+1) \end{cases}$$

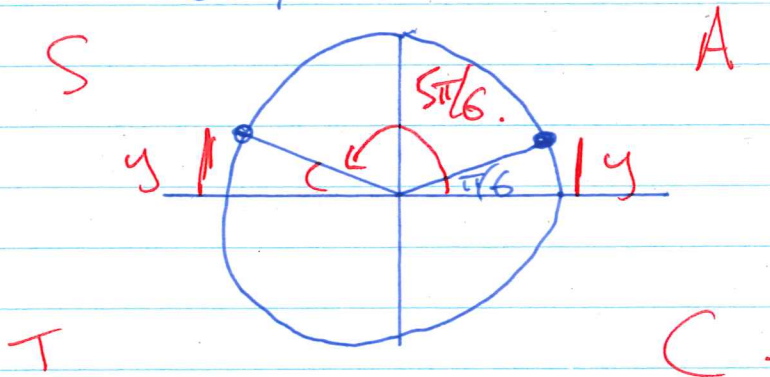
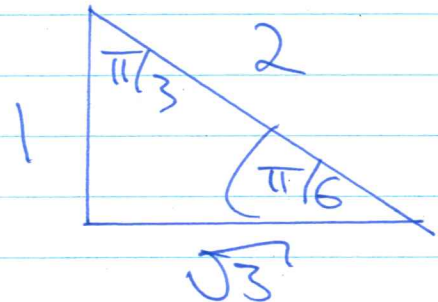
$$\sin x = -1, 1/2$$

$$x = 3\pi/2, \text{ ~~1/2~~, ~~5\pi/2~~}$$

SOHCAHTOA

$\sin x = 1/2$  when

$$x = \pi/6, 5\pi/6$$





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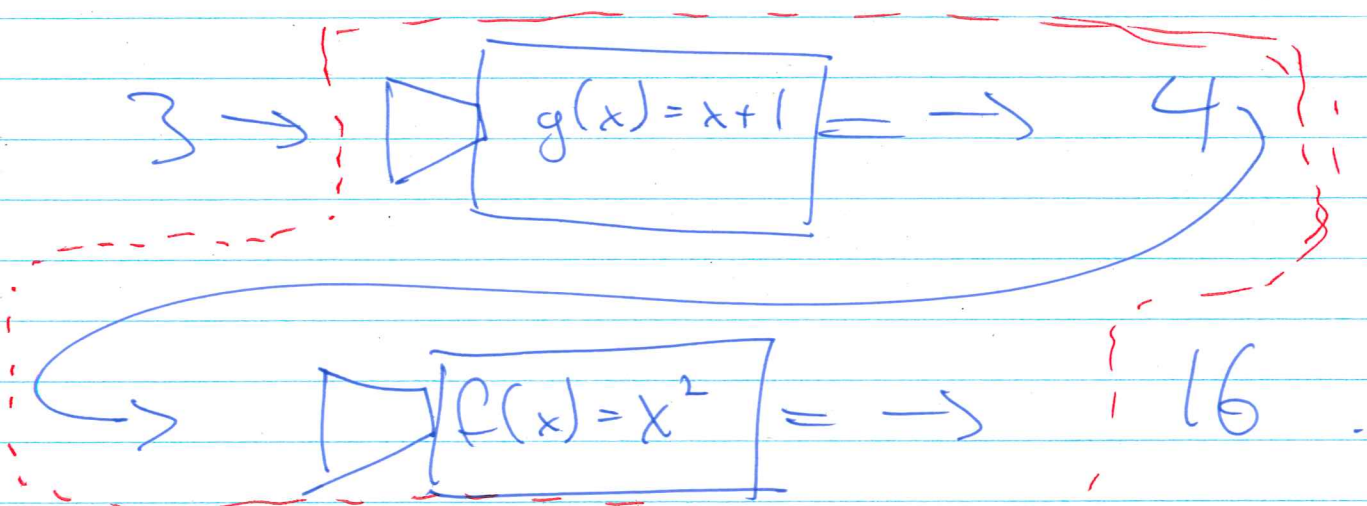
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## Composition of Functions.

(and touch up on piecewise functions)

Given two functions  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  we can imagine taking the output from one function and using it as the input for the second function.

For example  $g(x) = x + 1$   
 $f(x) = x^2$



this whole process is called:

$$f(g(x)) = (f \circ g)(x)$$

In this example  $f(g(x)) = f(x+1) = (x+1)^2$

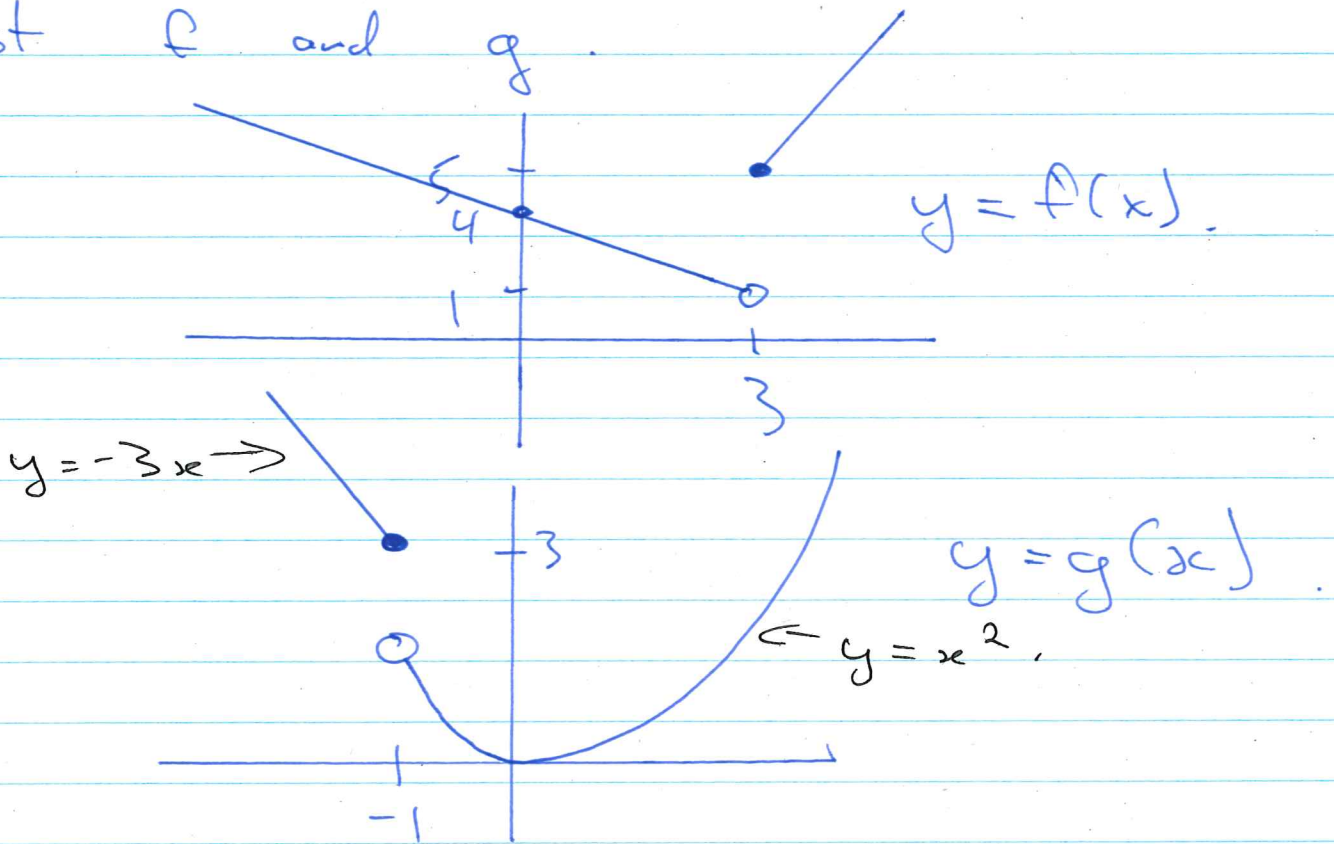
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$$\text{Let } f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 1, & x \geq 3 \\ -x + 4, & x < 3 \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x > -1 \\ -3x, & x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

Plot  $f$  and  $g$ .



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Using previous  $f$  and  $g$ . Sept. 18.

Clicker Q: What is  $f(g(2))$ ?

A) 16

B) 3

C) 5

$\rightarrow$  D) 7

$$\begin{aligned} f(g(2)) &= f(4) \\ &= 7. \end{aligned}$$

~~Q~~!

$$f(g(2)) ?$$

$$g(2) ?$$

$$g(2) = 4.$$

$$\text{So, } f(g(2)) = f(4) = 7.$$