Integration Formulae

In the following

- \circ f, g are C^1 functions.
- $\circ \varphi$, ψ are C^2 functions.
- $\circ \omega$ is a C^1 1-form.
- \circ D is a region in M with compact closure and piecewise differentiable boundary.

(1)
$$d\omega = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \int_{\delta D} \omega = 0$$

(2)
$$\int_{\delta D} f\omega = \int_{D} df \wedge \omega + \int_{D} f d\omega$$

(3)
$$f\omega$$
 has compact support contained in $D \Rightarrow \int_D df \wedge \omega + \int_D f d\omega = 0$

(4)
$$(df, *\omega)_D = \int_D f d\bar{\omega} - \int_{\delta D} f\bar{\omega}$$

(5)
$$(d\varphi, d\psi)_D = -\int_D \varphi \Delta \bar{\psi} + \int_{\delta D} \varphi * d\bar{\psi}$$

(6)
$$\int_{D} (\varphi \Delta \psi - \psi \Delta \varphi) = \int_{\delta D} (\varphi * d\psi - \psi * d\varphi)$$

(7)
$$\left(df, *d\psi \right)_D = -\int_{\delta D} f d\bar{\psi}$$

(8)
$$d\omega = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \int_{\delta D} f \bar{\omega} = \int_{D} df \wedge \bar{\omega}$$

(9)
$$\int_{\delta D} f d\bar{g} = -\int_{\delta D} \bar{g} df$$

(10)
$$d\omega = d(f\omega) = 0 \ \Rightarrow \ \int_D df \wedge \bar{\omega} = 2 \int_{\delta D} (\operatorname{Re} f) \, \bar{\omega} = 2i \int_{\delta D} (\operatorname{Im} f) \, \bar{\omega}$$