

Friday, March 27

## Clicker Questions

# Clicker Question 1

## Power series representation

Find a power series that represents  $\frac{x^5}{x^2 + 3}$  on the interval  $(-\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3})$ .

- A.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{2n+5}}{3^{2n+6}} x^n$
- B.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(\sqrt{3})^{n+1}} x^{5n}$
- C.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(\sqrt{3})^{n+1}} x^n$
- D.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3^{n+1}} x^{2n+5}$

### Using the previous example

$$\frac{1}{x+3} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3^{n+1}} x^n \quad (|x| < 3)$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2+3} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3^{n+1}} (x^2)^n \quad (|x^2| < 3)$$

$$\frac{x^5}{x^2+3} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3^{n+1}} (x^2)^n x^5 \quad (|x| < \sqrt{3})$$

- E. none of the above