

Please replace Ex. 10 on p. 18-p. 19 by

Ex. 10 Solve
$$\begin{cases} x^2 z_x + xy u_y = u^2 \\ u = 1 \text{ on } x = y^2 \end{cases}$$

Sol'n: Parametrize data curve:

$$x_0(z) = z^2, \quad y_0(z) = z, \quad u_0(z) = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{ds} = x^2, \quad x(0) = z^2 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{s+c}, \quad x(0) = z^2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{z^2}{1-z^2s} \\ \frac{dy}{ds} = xy, \quad y(0) = z \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{y} = \frac{z^2}{1-z^2s} ds \Rightarrow y = \frac{z}{1-z^2s} \\ \frac{du}{ds} = u^2, \quad u(0) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{du}{u^2} = ds \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{u} = s+c \Rightarrow u = \frac{1}{1-s} \end{cases}$$

From
$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{z^2}{1-z^2s} \\ y = \frac{z}{1-z^2s} \end{cases} \Rightarrow z = \frac{x}{y} \Rightarrow y = \frac{\frac{x}{y}}{1 - (\frac{x}{y})^2 s} \Rightarrow 1 - \frac{x^2}{y^2} s = \frac{x}{y^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - x = x^2 s \Rightarrow s = \frac{y^2 - x}{x^2}$$

$$u = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{y^2 - x}{x^2}} = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + x - y^2}$$

u becomes unbounded on the curve $x^2 + x - y^2 = 0$. Reason: this is a nonlinear problem

