

MATH305-201-2016/2017 Homework Assignment 1 (Due Date: Jan. 13, 2017, by 5:30pm, in class or at my office)

1. Calculate the following complex numbers:
(a) $(1+i)(2-i)(3+2i)$; (b) $(\frac{1-i}{3+i})^2$; (c) $(1-i)^4$
2. Prove that if $|z| = 1 (z \neq 1)$, then $Re(\frac{1}{1-z}) = \frac{1}{2}$. Here $Re(w)$ denotes the real part of w .
3. Find the followings (write your answer in terms of $arctan$):
(a) $|\frac{(\pi+i)^{100}}{(\pi-i)^{100}}|$; (b) $Arg(1+2i)$; (c) $arg(1-2i)$; (d) $arg(-1-2i)$
4. Find the argument of each of the following complex numbers and write each in polar form
(a) $-3+3i$; (b) $\frac{1-i}{-\sqrt{3}+i}$; (c) $(\sqrt{3}-i)^2$
5. Decide which of the following statements are always true.
(a) $Arg(z_1 z_2) = Arg(z_1) + Arg(z_2)$ if $z_1 \neq 0, z_2 \neq 0$
(b) $Arg(\bar{z}) = -Arg(z)$ if z is not a real number.
(c) $arg(z) = Arg(z) \pm 2\pi k, k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ if $z \neq 0$
6. Use De Moivre's formula together with binomial formula and geometric sequence formula to prove
(a) $\sin(4\theta) = 4 \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta - 4 \cos \theta \sin^3 \theta$
(b) $1 + \cos \theta + \dots + \cos n\theta = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sin(n+\frac{1}{2})\theta}{2 \sin(\frac{\theta}{2})}$
7. Use De Moivre's formula and binomial formula to compute
(a) $\int_0^{2\pi} \cos^6 \theta d\theta$; (b) $\int_0^{2\pi} \sin^6(2\theta) d\theta$
8. Describe the set of points z in the complex plane that satisfies each of the following
(a) $|z-1| = |z+i|$; (b) $|z| = 2|z+1|$; (c) $|z-1| + |z+1| = 7$.
9. Find an upper bound for $|\frac{1}{z-5}|$ when z satisfies $|z-1| \leq 1$.
Hint: Use $||z_1| - |z_2|| \leq |z_1 - z_2| \leq |z_1| + |z_2|$.