## MATH 516-101 Homework Four Due Date: November 12, 2015

This set of homework problems is concerned with Sobolev spaces and weak solutions.

1. Fix  $\alpha > 0$  and let  $U = B_1(0)$ . Show that there exists a constant C, depending on n and  $\alpha$  such that

$$\int_{U} u^2 dx \le C \int_{U} |\nabla u|^2$$

provided

$$u \in W^{1,2}(U), |\{x \in U | u(x) = 0\}| \ge \alpha$$

2. (a) Let n > 4. Show that the embedding  $W^{2,2}(U) \to L^{\frac{2n}{n-4}}(U)$  is not compact; (b) Describe the embedding of  $W^{2,p}(U)$  in different dimensions. State if the embedding is continuous or compact.

3. Consider the following one-dimensional problem

(1) 
$$-a(x)u_{xx} + b(x)u_x + c(x)u = f, 0 < x < L, \ u(0) = u(L) = 0$$

where

$$0 < c_1 \le a(x) \le c_2$$

(a) Show that (1) can always be transformed into a self-adjoint form:

(2) 
$$-(\tilde{a}u_x)_x + \tilde{c}u = f$$

- (b) State the definition of weak solution.
- (c) Find conditions on  $\tilde{c}$  such that the existence of a weak solution to (1) exists.

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4. (a). Assume that U is connected. A function  $u \in W^{1,2}(U)$  is a weak solution of the Neumann problem

(3) 
$$-\Delta u = f \text{ in } U; \ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} = 0 \text{ on } \partial U$$

if

$$\int_U Du \cdot Dv = \int_U fv, \ \forall v \in W^{1,2}$$

Suppose that  $f \in L^2$ . Show that (3) has a weak solution if and only if

$$\int_{U} f = 0$$

(b). Discuss how to define a weak solution of the Poisson equation with Robin boundary conditions

(4) 
$$-\Delta u = f \text{ in } U; \ u + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} = 0 \text{ on } \partial U$$

5. Let  $u \in W^{1,2}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  have compact support and be a weak solution of the semilinear PDE

$$-\Delta u + u^3 = f \text{ in } R^n$$

where  $f \in L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Prove that  $u \in W^{2,2}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

Hint: mimic the proof of interior regularity but without the cut-off function.