MATH 100 – WORKSHEET 17 EXPONENTIAL GROWTH AND DECAY

1. Exponentials

Growth/decay described by the differential equation

$$y' = ky$$
,

Solution: y =

- (1) A pair of invasive Opossums arrives in BC in 1930. Unchecked, Opossums can triple their population annually. Assume that this in fact happens.
 - (a) At what time will there be 1000 Opossums in BC? 10,000 Opossums?
 - (b) Write a differential equation expressing the growth of the Opossum population with time.
- (2) A radioactive sample decays according to the law

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = -km \, .$$

- (a) Suppose that one-quarter of the sample remains after 10 hours. What is the half-life?
- (b) A 100-gram sample is left unattended for three days. How much of it remains?
- (3) Euler found that the tension in a wire wound around a cylinder in reases according to the equation

$$\frac{dT}{d\alpha}=fT$$

where μ is the coefficient of friction and α is the angle around the cylinder.

- (a) When mooring a large ship a rope is wound around a bollard. It is found that when looping the rope once around the bollard, the ratio of tensions at the two ends of the rope is 20. What is the coefficient of friction?
- (b) The rope is wound 3.5 times around the bollard. What is the force gain?

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1

2. Newton's Law of Cooling

Fact 1. When a body of temperature T is placed in an environment of temperature T_{env} , the rate of change of T is negatively proportional to the temperature difference $T - T_0$. In other words, there is k such that

$$T' = -k(T - T_{env}).$$

Solving the equation. The key idea is changing variables to the temperature difference. Let $y = T - T_{\text{env}}$. Then

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{dT}{dt} - 0 = -ky$$

so there is C for which

$$y(t) = Ce^{-kt}.$$

Solving for T we get:

$$T(t) = T_{\text{env}} + Ce^{-kt}.$$

Setting t = 0 we find $T(0) = T_{env} + C$ so $C = T(0) - T_{env}$ and

$$T(t) = T_{\text{env}} + (T(0) - T_{\text{env}})e^{-kt}$$
.

Corollary 2. $\lim_{t\to\infty} y(t) = T_0$.

Example (Final Exam, 2010). When an apple is taken from a refrigerator, its temperature is $3^{\circ}C$. After 30 minutes in a $19^{\circ}C$ room its temperature is $11^{\circ}C$.

- (1) Write the differential equation satisfied by the temperature T(t) of the apple.
- (2) Find the temperature of the apple 90 minutes after it is taken from the refrigerator, expressed as an integer number of degrees Celsius.
- (3) Determine the time when the temperature of the apple is $16^{\circ}C$.