

Q1 PDE $u_t = u_{xx} + e^{-2t}(\sin 5x - 2x)$ $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ $t > 0$

BC $u(0,t) = 1$ $u_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) = e^{-2t}$

IC $u(x,0) = 1 + \sin x$

FIRST FIND A FUNCTION $w(x,t) = A(t)x + B(t)$ WITH $w_x = A(t)$ THAT MATCHES THE NONZERO BC:

$1 = w(0,t) = B(t)$ $w_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) = A(t) = e^{-2t} \Rightarrow w(x,t) = 1 + xe^{-2t}$

NOW LET $u(x,t) = w(x,t) + v(x,t)$ THEN PLUG INTO PDE, BC & IC:

PDE: $u_t = w_t + v_t = -2xe^{-2t} + v_t = w_{xx} + v_{xx} + e^{-2t}(\sin 5x - 2x) \Rightarrow v_t = v_{xx} + e^{-2t} \sin 5x$

BC: $1 = u(0,t) = w(0,t) + v(0,t) = 1 + v(0,t) \Rightarrow v(0,t) = 0$ (*)

$e^{-2t} = u_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) = w_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) + v_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) = e^{-2t} + v_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) \Rightarrow v_x(\frac{\pi}{2},t) = 0$

IC: $1 + \sin x = u(x,0) = w(x,0) + v(x,0) = 1 + x + v(x,0) \Rightarrow v(x,0) = \sin x - x$

THE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENFUNCTIONS FOR THE BVP(*) ARE $\mu_n = \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2}$ $n=1,2,\dots$ $\sum_n = \sin \mu_n x$

LET $s(x,t) = e^{-2t} \sin 5x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{-2t} \delta_{n3} \sin(2n-1)x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} S_n(t) \sin(2n-1)x \Rightarrow S_n(t) = e^{-2t} \delta_{n3}$

NOW LET $v(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} V_n(t) \sin \mu_n x$ AND SUBSTITUTE INTO THE PDE IN (*)

$0 = v_t - v_{xx} - e^{-2t} \sin 5x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{dV_n}{dt} + \mu_n^2 V_n - \delta_{n3} e^{-2t} \right\} \sin \mu_n x \Rightarrow \dot{V}_n + \mu_n^2 V_n = \delta_{n3} e^{-2t}$

APPLYING THE INTEGRATING FACTOR $F = e^{\mu_n^2 t} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} [e^{\mu_n^2 t} V_n] = \delta_{n3} e^{(\mu_n^2 - 2)t}$

$\therefore e^{\mu_n^2 t} V_n = \delta_{n3} \frac{e^{(\mu_n^2 - 2)t}}{(\mu_n^2 - 2)} + C_n \Rightarrow V_n(t) = \delta_{n3} \frac{e^{-2t}}{(\mu_n^2 - 2)} + C_n e^{-\mu_n^2 t}$

$\therefore v(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{\delta_{n3} e^{-2t}}{\mu_n^2 - 2} + C_n e^{-\mu_n^2 t} \right\} \sin \mu_n x$

$\sin x - x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{\delta_{n3}}{\mu_n^2 - 2} + C_n \right\} \sin(2n-1)x \Rightarrow C_n = \delta_{n1} - \delta_{n3} - \frac{2}{\mu_n^2 - 2} \int_0^{\pi/2} x \sin(2n-1)x dx$

$C_n + \frac{\delta_{n3}}{\mu_n^2 - 2} - \delta_{n1} = \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\frac{x \cos(2n-1)x}{(2n-1)} \Big|_0^{\pi/2} - \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos(2n-1)x dx \right]$
 $= \frac{4}{\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \sin(2n-1)x \Big|_0^{\pi/2} \right] = \frac{4(-1)^n}{\pi(2n-1)^2}$

$\therefore C_n = \delta_{n1} - \delta_{n3} + \frac{4(-1)^n}{\pi(2n-1)^2}$

$\therefore u(x,t) = 1 + xe^{-2t} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{\delta_{n3} e^{-2t}}{\mu_n^2 - 2} + \left(\delta_{n1} - \delta_{n3} + \frac{4(-1)^n}{\pi(2n-1)^2} \right) e^{-\mu_n^2 t} \right] \sin(2n-1)x$

$= 1 + xe^{-2t} + \frac{(e^{-2t} - e^{-25t})}{23} \sin 5x + e^{-t} \sin x + \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n e^{-(2n-1)^2 t}}{(2n-1)^2} \sin(2n-1)x$

Q2: PDE $u_{tt} = u_{xx}$ $0 < x < \pi$

BC $u(0,t) = \pi t$ $u(\pi,t) = 2\pi t$

IC $u(x,0) = \sin 2x$ $u_t(x,0) = \sin x + \pi + x$

LET $w(x,t) = A(t)x + B(t)$ BE A FUNCTION CONSTRUCTED TO MATCH THE NON-ZERO BC:

$\pi t = w(0,t) = B(t)$ $u(\pi,t) = A(t)\pi + \pi t = 2\pi t \Rightarrow A(t) = t \Rightarrow w(x,t) = \pi t + xt$

NOW LET $u(x,t) = w(x,t) + v(x,t)$ AND PLUG INTO PDE, BC & IC

PDE: $u_{tt} = w_{tt} + v_{tt} = w_{xx} + v_{xx} \Rightarrow v_{tt} = v_{xx}$

$v_{tt} = v_{xx}$
 $v(0,t) = 0$
 $v(\pi,t) = 0$
 $v(x,0) = \sin 2x$
 $v_t(x,0) = \sin x$

BC: $\pi t = u(0,t) = w(0,t) + v(0,t) = \pi t + v(0,t) \Rightarrow v(0,t) = 0$

$2\pi t = u(\pi,t) = w(\pi,t) + v(\pi,t) = 2\pi t + v(\pi,t) \Rightarrow v(\pi,t) = 0$

IC: $\sin 2x = u(x,0) = w(x,0) + v(x,0) = 0 + v(x,0) \Rightarrow v(x,0) = \sin 2x$

$\pi + \frac{1}{x} + \sin x = u_t(x,0) = w_t(x,0) + v_t(x,0) = \pi + \frac{1}{x} + v_t(x,0) \Rightarrow v_t(x,0) = \sin x$

LET $v(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$

$v_{tt} = X T''(t) = v_{xx} = X''(x)T(t)$

$\div XT \Rightarrow \frac{T''(t)}{T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = \lambda \dots$ A CONSTANT

X] $\lambda > 0$ YIELD TRIVIAL SOLN $\Rightarrow \lambda = -\mu^2 < 0 \Rightarrow X'' + \mu^2 X = 0$ $X(0) = 0 = X(\pi)$

$\mu_n = (n\pi/\pi) = n$ $n = 1, 2, \dots$ $X_n = \sin nx$

T] $T'' + \mu^2 T = 0 \Rightarrow T(t) = A \cos \mu t + B \sin \mu t$

$\therefore v(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [A_n \cos nt + B_n \sin nt] \sin(nx)$

$v_t(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [-A_n n \sin nt + B_n n \cos nt] \sin(nx)$

$\sin 2x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin nx \Rightarrow A_n = \delta_{n2}$

$\sin x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n n \sin nx \Rightarrow B_n n = \delta_{n1} \Rightarrow B_n = \delta_{n1}/n$

$\therefore u(x,t) = (\pi t + xt) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [\delta_{n2} \cos nt + (\delta_{n1}/n) \sin nt] \sin nx$

$= \pi t + xt + \cos 2t \sin 2x + \sin t \sin x$

$= \pi t + xt + \frac{1}{2} [\sin 2(x+t) + \sin 2(x-t)] + \frac{1}{2} [\cos 2(x-t) - \cos 2(x+t)]$

FROM D'ALOMBERTS SOLUTION

$v(x,t) = \frac{1}{2} [\sin 2(x+t) + \sin 2(x-t)] + \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-t}^{x+t} \sin s ds$

$= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 2(x+t) + \sin 2(x-t)] + \frac{1}{2} [\cos(x-t) - \cos(x+t)]$ AS ABOVE